

The attempt to settle the limits of Acadia or Nova Scotia as ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Utrecht, by the appointment of Commissioners for that purpose in pursuance of the Treaty of Aix la Chapelle having proved fruitless; early in the year 1756 war was declared against France, which continuing till the Treaty of Peace in 1763 we find nothing further upon the subject of the boundaries of the Province of Nova Scotia till after that time. 192/

All the French possessions upon the Continent of North America, being by that Treaty ceded to Great Britain, the Province of Quebec was created and established by the Royal Proclamation of the 7th of October in that year, and bounded on the South by the Highlands which divide the rivers that empty themselves into the River St. Lawrence from those which fall into the Sea or Atlantic Ocean, thereby attaining the northern boundary of the Province of Nova Scotia, from the Southern shore of the River St. Lawrence to those Highlands.

There being no longer any apprehensions of disturbance from the French, it now became necessary for the settlement of the Country, that had been in dispute between the two Nations, to ascertain the boundary line between the Provinces of Nova Scotia & Massachusetts Bay.