

way, must have been totally extinguished.

Crowne,  
Petition.

§. 46. In the year 1697, not long before the Treaty of Ryswick, William Crowne exhibited a petition to The Lords of Trade and Plantations. (c.) That petition was founded on the Grant to Alexander, as appears by an extract of it in the Memoirs of The Commissioners at Paris in 1750. But unless Crowne considered that Grant as connected with that of Oliver Cromwell, it cannot very well be seen how he could have a connection with it himself. This petition is not all copied into these Memoirs, nor can a full copy of it be at this time obtained. There was no notice taken of it by the Board to whom it was exhibited; nor has the Government of England paid any attention to it, from that time to this.

(b.) Mem. Com. 2 Vol. 281.

In the year 1697, John Nelson who claimed as devisee of Sir Thomas Temple petitioned the Lords Justices of England for a restoration of Nova Scotia. (c.) averring that the same was granted to the said Sir Thomas by La Tour. His petition contains many expressions of expence and sufferings; amongst others, that he has pursued his interest into France, where they paid no other attention to it than by throwing him into prison for the space of five years. There was no attention paid to this application in England, nor is there any evidence of the fact he asserts of a conveyance from La Tour to Temple. Such a conveyance would have been incompatible with the Charter of Cromwell who granted the territory to La Tour, Crowne, and Temple, without regard to the Charter of King James to Sir William

Alexander

(c.) This petition is found in the Memoirs of the Commissioners at Paris in 1750. Vol. 2. 230.